



evropský
sociální
fond v ČR



EVROPSKÁ UNIE



MINISTERSTVO ŠKOLSTVÍ,
MLÁDEŽE A TĚLOVÝCHOVY



OP Vzdělávání
pro konkurenceschopnost

INVESTICE DO ROZVOJE VZDĚLÁVÁNÍ

GYMNÁZIUM TÝN NAD VLTAVOU

Autor: Mgr. Lukáš Boček

Datum: 10.10.2012

Ročník: sekunda

Vzdělávací oblast: Jazyk a jazyková komunikace

Vzdělávací obor: Cizí jazyk – angličtina

Tematický okruh: Produktivní řečové dovednosti

Téma: Minulý prostý čas – úvodní seznámení, tvorba pravidelných tvarů

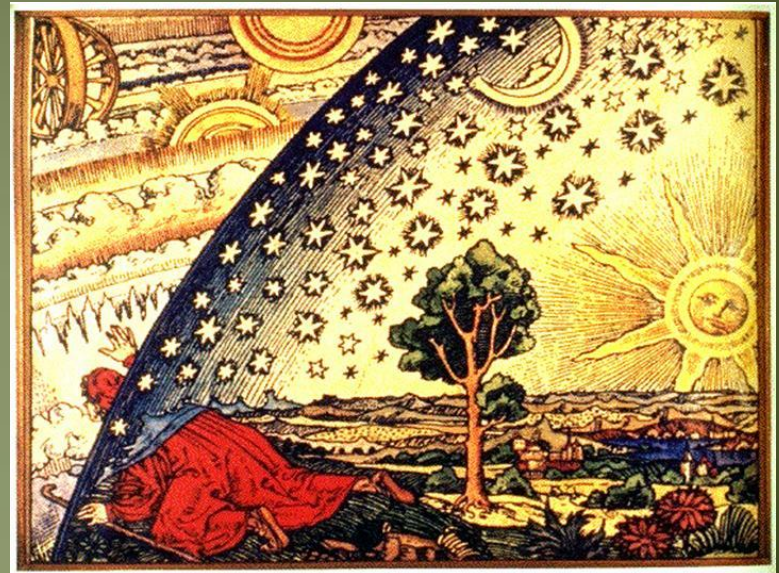
Klíčová slova: minulý čas, pravidelné tvary, koncovka „-ed“

Anotace: Prezentace seznamuje žáky s podobou minulého prostého času a osvětluje tvorbu pravidelných tvarů pomocí koncovky „-ed“.

Zpracování tohoto DUM bylo financováno z projektu OPVK, výzva 1.5

Past simple

Did you like it? Yes, I did! No, I didn't.



A surprise in the woods

Dear Martha!

Yesterday was a very interesting day.

I woke up, I brushed my teeth and I got dressed. Because I like the nature I went outside for a walk to the woods. After ten minutes of walking I saw a strange thing.

There was a dog without its master. I had to take him with me and try to find its owner. After an hour I finally found her. She was worried about the dog and thanked me a lot.

From that day we walk her dog every weekend together!

Lots of love,

Mark



1. What happened in the story?
2. What would *you* do in this situation?
3. Find all verbs in the text, underline them
4. Write these verbs down into your sheet (use every verb just once) and write its infinitive and also past simple

A surprise in the woods

Verbs in the text	infinitive	Past simple
was	to be	was / were
woke up	to wake up	woke up
brushed	to brush	brushed
got dressed	to get dressed	got dressed
like	to like	liked
went for a walk	to go for a walk	went for a walk
saw	to see	saw
there was	there is / there are	there was / there were
had to take	have to take	had to take
try to find	to try to find	tried to find
found	to find	found
was worried	to be worried	was / were worried
thanked	to thank	thanked

The form of the past simple tense



Regular verbs in affirmative sentences:

- we add „-ed“ to the end of the verbs
 - **finish -> finished**
- if the verb ends with a „e“, we only add „-d“
 - **like - > liked**
- if the verb ends with a „y“ and there is a consonant before it, we change it to „-ied“:
 - **study -> studied**
- if the verb ends with a „y“ and there is a vowel before it, we simply add „ed“ without any changes:
 - **play -> played**
- if the verb ends with a „t“ or „d“, we read it [id]: visited – [vizitid]
- if the verb ends with **consonant-vowel-consonant** (stop), we **double** the final consonant:
 - **stop -> stopped**



Regular affirmative

5. Form the affirmative of these regular verbs and read them aloud:

• watch	watched	• worry	worried
• skip	skipped	• like	liked
• touch:	touched	• look	looked
• want	wanted	• study	studied
• ask	asked	• respond	responded
• play	played	• listen	listened
• visit	visited	• try	tried

Zdroje obrázků:

- <http://www.success.co.il/knowledge/images/Foundations-History-of-Science.jpg>
- http://englishengineeringproject.blogspot.cz/2010_11_01_archive.html
- http://www.webdesign.org/img_articles/14102/dog.jpg